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## 2 Cuban Resolution

Public Law 87-733 [S.J. Res. 230], 76 Stat. 697, approved October 3, 1962

JOINT RESOLUTION Expressing the determination of the United States with respect to the situation in Cuba.

Whereas President James Monroe, announcing the Monroe Doctrine in 1823, declared that the United States would consider any attempt on the part of European powers "to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety"; and

Whereas in the Rio Treaty of 1947 the parties agreed that "an armed attack by any State against an American State shall be considered as an attack against all the American States, and, consequently, each one of the said contracting parties undertakes to assist in meeting the attack in the exercise of the inherent right of individual or collective self-defense recognized by article 51 of the Charter of the United Nations": and

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Whereas the Foreign Ministers of the Organization of American
States at Punta del Este in January 1962 declared: "The present
Government of Cuba has identified itself with the principles of
Marxist-Leninist ideology, has established a political, economic,
and social system based on that doctrine, and accepts military
assistance from extracontinental Communist powers, including even
the threat of military intervention in America on the part of the
Soviet Union"; and

Whereas the international Communist movement has increasingly extended into Cuba its political economic, and military sphere of influence: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress essembled, That the United States is determined—

(a) to prevent by whatever means may be necessary, including the use of arms, the Marxist-Leninist regime in Cuba from extending, by force or the threat of force, its aggressive or subversive activities to any part of this hemisphere;

(b) to prevent in Cuba the creation or use of an externally supported military capability endangering the security of the United States; and

(c) to work with the Organization of American States and with freedom-loving Cubans to support the aspirations of the Cuban people for self-determination.

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